

## Safety Data Sheet

### 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: OXI40VOL1000ML  
Product name: Sens.ùs H2O2 vol 40 (12%) Cream Activator Hi-Performance 1000 ml

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: Cosmetic use

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: G & P COSMETICS S.R.L.  
Full address: Via A. De Gasperi, 8  
District and Country: 52037 Sansepolcro (AR)  
ITALIA  
Tel. 0575720682  
Fax 0575749923

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: g.giorni@ilovesensus.it

Product distribution by: G & P COSMETICS S.R.L.

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to: +39 3400624536

### 2. Hazards identification.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and/or EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Danger Symbols: Xn

R phrases: 22-41

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### 2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and subsequent amendments and supplements.



R22 HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.  
R41 RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.

S25 AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES.  
S26 IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH EYES, RINSE IMMEDIATELY WITH PLENTY OF WATER AND SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE.  
S39 WEAR EYE/FACE PROTECTION.

Contains: HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION

#### 2.3. Other hazards.

Information not available.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

#### 3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

#### 3.2. Mixtures.

##### Contains:

Identification.	Conc. %.	Classification 67/548/EEC.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
<b>HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION</b>			
CAS. 7722-84-1	10 - 20	R 5, O R 8, C R35, Xn R20/22, Note B	Ox. Liq. 1 H271, Ox. Liq. 2 H272, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Corr. 1A H314, STOT SE 3 H335, Note B
EC. 231-765-0			
INDEX. 008-003-00-9			

T+ = Very Toxic(T+), T = Toxic(T), Xn = Harmful(Xn), C = Corrosive(C), Xi = Irritant(Xi), O = Oxidizing(O), E = Explosive(E), F+ = Extremely Flammable(F+), F = Highly Flammable(F), N = Dangerous for the Environment(N)

The full wording of the Risk (R) and hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### 4. First aid measures.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes.

Seek medical advice.

SKIN: Immediately wash with plenty of water. Remove all contaminated clothing. Obtain immediate medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing separately before using them again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Obtain immediate medical attention.

INGESTION: Obtain immediate medical attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Give nothing by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances see chap. 11.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Follow doctor's orders.

### 5. Firefighting measures.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

##### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use extinction equipment containing carbon dioxide, foam and chemical powders. For product leaks and spills that do not catch fire, nebulised water can be used to dispel flammable fumes and protect the individuals taking part in stemming the leak.

##### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA WHICH SHALL NOT BE USED FOR SAFETY REASONS

Do not use water.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

##### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products (carbon oxide, toxic pyrolysis products, etc).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

##### GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

##### SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Hardhat with visor, fireproof clothing (fireproof jacket and trousers with straps around arms, legs and waist) work gloves (fireproof, cut proof and dielectric), self-respirator (self-protector).

### 6. Accidental release measures.

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the air in which the leak occurred. If there are no contraindications, spray solid products with water to prevent the formation of dust. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air. Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. For information on risks for the environmental and health, respiratory tract protection, ventilation and personal protection equipment, refer to the other sections of this sheet.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate the sewers, surface water, ground water and neighbouring areas.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

For liquid products, suck into a suitable container (made of material not incompatible with the product) and soak up any leaked product with absorbent inert material (sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, Kieselguhr, etc). Collect the majority of the remaining material and deposit in containers for disposal. For solid products, use spark proof mechanical tools to collect the leaked product and place in plastic containers. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## 7. Handling and storage.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Do not smoke while handling and use.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, bright flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

### 8.1. Control parameters.

Name	Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	
			mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION	TLV-ACGIH			1		
	OEL	IRL		1		2
	WEL	UK		1		2

C = CEILING.

### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration or bad air vent. If such operations do not make it possible to keep the concentration of the product below the permitted workplace exposure thresholds a suitable respiratory tract protection must be used. See product label for hazard details during use. Ask your chemical substance suppliers for advice when choosing personal protection equipment. Personal protection equipment must comply with the rules in force indicated below.

#### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category I (ref. Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN 374) work gloves, such as those in latex, PVC or equivalent. The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, breakage times and permeation. Work glove resistance to preparations should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. Gloves` limit depends on the duration of exposure.

#### EYE PROTECTION

Wear hood visor or protective visor together with airtight goggles (ref. standard EN 166).

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and standard EN 344). Wash body with soap and water after removing overalls.

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value for one or more of the substances present in the preparation for daily exposure in the workplace or to a fraction established by the company's prevention and protection service is exceeded, wear a mask with an B or universal filter, the class (1, 2 or 3) of which must be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. standard EN 141).

The use of breathing protection equipment, such as masks with organic vapour and dust/mist cartridges, is necessary in the absence of technical measures limiting worker exposure. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance in question is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative exposure limit and in the event of an emergency, or when exposure levels are unknown or the concentration of oxygen in the workplace is less than 17% volume, wear self-contained, open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. standard EN 137) or fresh air hose breathing apparatus for use with full face mask, half mask or mouthpiece (ref. standard EN 138).

An emergency eye washing and shower system must be provided.

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties.

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance	dense liquid
Colour	white
Odour	characteristic
Odour threshold.	Not available.

pH.	3,0 - 3,5	
Melting or freezing point.	Not available.	
Boiling point.	Not available.	
Distillation range.	Not available.	
Flash point.	Not available.	
Evaporation Rate	Not available.	
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available.	
Lower inflammability limit.	Not available.	
Upper inflammability limit.	Not available.	
Lower explosive limit.	Not available.	
Upper explosive limit.	Not available.	
Vapour pressure.	Not available.	
Vapour density	Not available.	
Specific gravity.	0,95 - 1,05	Kg/l
Solubility	soluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available.	
Ignition temperature.	Not available.	
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.	
Viscosity	Not available.	
Reactive Properties	Not available.	

### 9.2. Other information.

VOC (Directive 1999/13/EC) :	0
VOC (volatile carbon) :	0
Active Oxygen (% m/m)	12.0 +/- 0.5

## 10. Stability and reactivity.

### 10.1. Reactivity.

The product can decompose and/or violently react.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION: decomposes rapidly with risk of explosion due to the effect of light, heat and contact with alkaline metals.

### 10.2. Chemical stability.

See previous paragraph.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

See paragraph 10.1.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

As the product decomposes even at ambient temperature, it must be stored and used at a controlled temperature. Avoid violent blows.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION: exposure to light, heat and alkaline substances.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION: flammable substances, acetone, ethanol, glycerol, organic sulphides, hydrated bases, oxidisable materials, iron, copper, bronze, chromium, zinc, lead, silver, manganese and acetic acid.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

## 11. Toxicological information.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

Acute effects: ingestion of this product is harmful. Even small amounts of product may cause serious health problems (stomach pain, nausea, sickness, diarrhoea). This product may slightly irritate mucosae, the upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. Exposure symptoms may include: sting, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION LD50 (Oral):	1193 mg/kg Rat
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## 12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

### 12.1. Toxicity.

Information not available.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability.

HYDROGEN PEROXIDE SOLUTION: easily biodegradable.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

Information not available.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

## 13. Disposal considerations.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

#### CONTAMINATED PACKAGING


Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## 14. Transport information.


These goods must be transported by vehicles authorized to the carriage of dangerous goods according to the provisions set out in the current edition of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and in all the applicable national regulations.

These goods must be packed in their original packagings or in packagings made of materials resistant to their content and not reacting dangerously with it. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all the risks deriving from these substances and on all actions that must be taken in case of emergency situations.

### Road and rail transport:

ADR/RID Class:	5.1	UN:	2984	
Packing Group:	III			
Label:	5.1			
Nr. Kemler:	50			
Tunnel restriction code:	E			
Proper Shipping Name:	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION			

### Carriage by sea (shipping):

IMO Class:	5.1	UN:	2984	
Packing Group:	III			
Label:	5.1			
EMS:	F-H, S-Q			
Marine Pollutant:	NO			
Proper Shipping Name:	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION			

### Transport by air:

IATA:	5.1	UN:	2984	
Packing Group:	III			
Label:	5.1			

## 15. Regulatory information.

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category. None.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product.

Point. 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment.**

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

**16. Other information.**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

<b>Ox. Liq. 1</b>	Oxidising liquid, category 1
<b>Ox. Liq. 2</b>	Oxidising liquid, category 2
<b>Acute Tox. 4</b>	Acute toxicity, category 4
<b>Skin Corr. 1A</b>	Skin corrosion, category 1A
<b>STOT SE 3</b>	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
<b>H271</b>	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.
<b>H272</b>	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
<b>H332</b>	Harmful if inhaled.
<b>H302</b>	Harmful if swallowed.
<b>H314</b>	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
<b>H335</b>	May cause respiratory irritation.

Text of risk (R) phrases mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

<b>R 5</b>	HEATING MAY CAUSE AN EXPLOSION.
<b>R 8</b>	CONTACT WITH COMBUSTIBLE MATERIAL MAY CAUSE FIRE.
<b>R20/22</b>	HARMFUL BY INHALATION AND IF SWALLOWED.
<b>R22</b>	HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
<b>R35</b>	CAUSES SEVERE BURNS.
<b>R41</b>	RISK OF SERIOUS DAMAGE TO EYES.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
7. The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
8. Handling Chemical Safety
9. Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
10. INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
11. Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
12. N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product .

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 16.